## **ACTS 21:1-25**

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<sup>14</sup> So when he would not be persuaded, we ceased, saying, "The will of the Lord be done."

<sup>15</sup> And after those days we packed and went up to Jerusalem. <sup>16</sup> Also some of the disciples from Caesarea went with us and brought with them a certain Mnason of Cyprus, an early disciple, with whom we were to lodge.

<sup>17</sup> And when we had come to Jerusalem, the brethren received us gladly. <sup>18</sup> On the following day Paul went in with us to James, and all the elders were present. 19 When he had greeted them, he told in detail those things which God had done among the Gentiles through his ministry. <sup>20</sup> And when they heard it, they glorified the Lord. And they said to him, "You see, brother, how many myriads of Jews there are who have believed, and they are all zealous for the law; 21 but they have been informed about you that you teach all the Jews who are among the Gentiles to forsake Moses, saying that they ought not to circumcise their children nor to walk according to the customs. <sup>22</sup> What then? The assembly must certainly meet, for they will hear that you have come. <sup>23</sup> Therefore do what we tell you: we have four men who have taken a vow. <sup>24</sup> Take them and be purified with them, and pay their expenses so that they may shave their heads, and that all may know that those things of which they were informed concerning you are nothing, but that you yourself also walk orderly and keep the law. <sup>25</sup> But concerning the Gentiles who believe, we have written and decided that they should observe no such thing, except that they should keep themselves from things offered to idols, from blood, from things strangled, and from sexual immorality." (see ACTS 15:5-24)

## ACTS 15:5-15,18-24

<sup>5</sup> But some of the sect of the Pharisees who believed rose up, saying, "It is necessary to circumcise them, and to command *them* to keep the law of Moses."

<sup>6</sup> Now the apostles and elders came together to consider this matter. <sup>7</sup> And when there had been much dispute, Peter rose up and said to them: "Men and brethren, you know that a good while ago God chose among us, that by my mouth the Gentiles should hear the word of the gospel and believe. <sup>8</sup> So God, who knows the heart, acknowledged them by giving them the Holy Spirit, just as *He did* to us, <sup>9</sup> and made no distinction between us and them, purifying their hearts by faith. <sup>10</sup> Now therefore, why do you test God by putting a yoke on the neck of the disciples which neither our fathers nor we were able to bear? <sup>11</sup> But we believe that through the grace of the Lord Jesus Christ we shall be saved in the same manner as they."

<sup>12</sup> Then all the multitude kept silent and listened to Barnabas and Paul declaring how many miracles and wonders God had worked through them among the Gentiles. <sup>13</sup> And after they had become silent, James answered, saying, "Men and brethren, listen to me: <sup>14</sup> Simon has declared how God at the first visited the Gentiles to take out of them a people for His name. <sup>15</sup> And with this the words of the prophets agree,....

<sup>18</sup> "Known to God from eternity are all His works. <sup>19</sup> Therefore I judge that we should not trouble those from among the Gentiles who are turning to God, <sup>20</sup> but that we write to them to abstain from things polluted by idols, *from* sexual immorality, *from* things strangled, and *from* blood. <sup>21</sup> For Moses has had throughout many generations those who preach him in every city, being read in the synagogues every Sabbath."

<sup>22</sup> Then it pleased the apostles and elders, with the whole church, to send chosen men of their own company to Antioch with Paul and Barnabas, *namely*, Judas who was also named Barsabas, and Silas, leading men among the brethren.

They wrote this *letter* by them: The apostles, the elders, and the brethren, To the brethren who are of the Gentiles in Antioch, Syria, and Cilicia: Greetings.

<sup>24</sup> Since we have heard that some who went out from us have troubled you with words, unsettling your souls, saying, "You must be circumcised and keep the law"—to whom we gave no such commandment—<sup>25</sup> it seemed good to us, being assembled with one accord, to send chosen men to you with our beloved Barnabas and Paul, <sup>26</sup> men who have risked their lives for the name of our Lord Jesus Christ. <sup>27</sup> We have therefore sent Judas and Silas, who will also report the same things by word of mouth. <sup>28</sup> For it seemed good to the Holy Spirit, and to us, to lay upon you no greater burden than these necessary things: <sup>29</sup> that you abstain from things offered to idols, from blood, from things strangled, and from sexual immorality. If you keep yourselves from these, you will do well. Farewell.

## Why was circumcision such a big deal?

#### **EXODUS 12:43-49**

<sup>43</sup> And the LORD said to Moses and Aaron,

"This *is* the ordinance of the Passover: No foreigner shall eat it. <sup>44</sup>But every man's servant who is bought for money, when you have circumcised him, then he may eat it. <sup>45</sup>A sojourner and a hired servant shall not eat it. <sup>46</sup>In one house it shall be eaten; you shall not carry any of the flesh outside the house, nor shall you break one of its bones. <sup>47</sup>All the congregation of Israel shall keep it. <sup>48</sup>And when a stranger dwells with you *and wants* to keep the Passover to the LORD, let all his males be circumcised, and then let him come near and keep it; and he shall be as a native of the land. For no uncircumcised person shall eat it. <sup>49</sup>One law shall be for the native-born and for the stranger who dwells among you."

## **NUMBERS 9:14**

'And if a stranger dwells among you, and would keep the LORD's Passover, he must do so according to the rite of the Passover and according to its ceremony; you shall have one ordinance, both for the stranger and the native of the land."

## **NUMBERS 15:15-16**

One ordinance shall be for you of the assembly and for the stranger who dwells with you, an ordinance forever throughout your generations; as you are, so shall the stranger be before the LORD. <sup>16</sup> One law and one custom shall be for you and for the stranger who dwells with you."

## **EZEKIEL 44:9**

Thus says the Lord GoD: "No foreigner, uncircumcised in heart or uncircumcised in flesh, shall enter My sanctuary, including any foreigner who *is* among the children of Israel.

## **JAMES 1:21-25**

<sup>21</sup> Therefore lay aside all filthiness and overflow of wickedness, and receive with meekness the implanted word, which is able to save your souls.

<sup>22</sup> But be doers of the word, and not hearers only, deceiving yourselves. <sup>23</sup> For if anyone is a hearer of the word and not a doer, he is like a man observing his natural face in a mirror; <sup>24</sup> for he observes himself, goes away, and immediately forgets what kind of man he was. <sup>25</sup> But he who looks into the perfect law of liberty and continues *in it*, and is not a forgetful hearer but a doer of the work, this one will be blessed in what he does.

#### **JAMES 2:8-13**

<sup>8</sup> If you really fulfill *the* royal law according to the Scripture, "You shall love your neighbor as yourself," you do well; <sup>9</sup> but if you show partiality, you commit sin, and are convicted by the law as transgressors. <sup>10</sup> For whoever shall keep the whole law, and yet stumble in one *point*, he is guilty of all. <sup>11</sup> For He who said, "Do not commit adultery," also said, "Do not murder." Now if you do not commit adultery, but you do murder, you have become a transgressor of the law. <sup>12</sup> So speak and so do as those who will be judged by the law of liberty. <sup>13</sup> For judgment is without mercy to the one who has shown no mercy. Mercy triumphs over judgment.

## **JAMES 2:10**

**BBE** - For anyone who keeps all the law, but makes a slip in one point, is judged to have gone against it all.

**CEB** - Anyone who tries to keep all of the Law but fails at one point is guilty of failing to keep all of it.

**CJB** - For a person who keeps the whole Torah, yet stumbles at one point, has become guilty of breaking them all.

**HCSB** - For whoever keeps the entire law, yet fails in one point, is guilty of [breaking it] all.

**DBY** - For whoever shall keep the whole law and shall offend in one [point], he has come under the guilt of [breaking] all.

**ESV** - For whoever keeps the whole law but fails in one point has become accountable for all of it.

**GW** - If someone obeys all of God's laws except one, that person is guilty of breaking all of them.

**NCV** - A person who follows all of God's law but fails to obey even one command is quilty of breaking all the commands in that law.

**NLT** - For the person who keeps all of the laws except one is as guilty as a person who has broken all of God's laws.

**MSG** - You can't pick and choose in these things, specializing in keeping one or two things in God's law and ignoring others.

# **BEWARE OF COVENANT CONFUSION**

The Old Covenant and it's Laws were given to Israel.

**EXODUS 24:7** Then he took the Book of the Covenant and read in the hearing of the people. And they said, "All that the LORD has said we will do, and be obedient."

**LEVITICUS 26:46** These *are* the statutes and judgments and laws which the LORD made between Himself and the children of Israel on Mount Sinai by the hand of Moses.

LEVITICUS 27:34 These are the commandments which the LORD commanded Moses for the children of Israel on Mount Sinai.

and judgments which the LORD your God has commanded to teach you, that you may observe them in the land which you are crossing over to possess, <sup>2</sup> that you may fear the LORD your God, to keep all His statutes and His commandments which I command you, you and your son and your grandson, all the days of your life, and that your days may be prolonged. <sup>3</sup> Therefore hear, O Israel, and be careful to observe it, that it may be well with you, and that you may multiply greatly as the LORD God of your fathers has promised you — 'a land flowing with milk and honey.'

DEUTERONOMY 12:1 "These are the statutes and judgments which you shall be careful to observe in the land which the LORD God of your fathers is giving you to possess, all the days that you live on the earth.

Jesus Christ is the Mediator of a better covenant.

**HEBREWS 8:6** But now He has obtained a more excellent ministry, inasmuch as He is also Mediator of a better covenant, which was established on better promises.

The first covenant was not without faults.

HEBREWS 8:7-8a For if that first covenant had been faultless, then no place would have been sought for a second. 8 Because finding fault with them, He says:...

Therefore, the new covenant was promised.

**HEBREWS 8:8***b* "Behold, the days are coming, says the LORD, when will make a new covenant with the house of Israel and with the house of Judah —

God's people did not continue in that first covenant.

**HEBREWS 8:9** not according to the covenant that I made with their fathers in the day when I took them by the hand to lead them out of the land of Egypt; because they did not continue in My covenant, and I disregarded them, says the LORD.

God promises to put His laws in His people.

HEBREWS 8:10 For this *is* the covenant that I will make with the house of Israel after those days, says the LORD: I will put My laws in their mind and write them on their hearts; and I will be their God, and they shall be My people. (see HEBREWS 10:16-17 and JEREMIAH 31:31-34; 32:40)

Knowing God personally is part of the better covenant.

**HEBREWS 8:11** None of them shall teach his neighbor, and none his brother, saying, 'Know the LORD,' for all shall know Me, from the least of them to the greatest of them.

• This covenant is better because God promises mercy.

HEBREWS 8:12 For I will be merciful to their unrighteousness, and their sins and their lawless deeds I will remember no more."

In the new covenant He makes the old one obsolete.

**HEBREWS 8:13** In that He says, "A new *covenant*," He has made the first obsolete. Now what is becoming obsolete and growing old is ready to vanish away.

Messiah completed the purpose of old covenant law.

**GALATIANS 3:13-24** Christ has redeemed us from the curse of the law, having become a curse for us (for it is written, "Cursed *is* everyone who hangs on a tree", <sup>14</sup> that the blessing of Abraham might come upon the Gentiles in Christ Jesus, that we might receive the promise of the Spirit through faith.

<sup>15</sup> Brethren, I speak in the manner of men: though *it is* only a man's covenant, yet *if it is* confirmed, no one annuls or adds to it. <sup>16</sup> Now to Abraham and his Seed were the promises made. He does not say, "And to seeds," as of many, but as of one, "And to your Seed," who is Christ. <sup>17</sup> And this I say, *that* the law, which was four hundred and thirty years later, cannot annul the covenant that was confirmed before by God in Christ, that it should make the promise of no effect. <sup>18</sup> For if the inheritance *is* of the law, *it is* no longer of promise; but God gave *it* to Abraham by promise.

<sup>19</sup> What purpose then *does* the law *serve?* It was added because of transgressions, till the Seed should come to whom the promise was made; *and it was* appointed through angels by the hand of a mediator. <sup>20</sup> Now a mediator does not *mediate* for one *only*, but God is one.

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## **ACTS 21:1-25**

Now it came to pass, that when we had departed from them and set sail, running a straight course we came to Cos, the following *day* to Rhodes, and from there to Patara. <sup>2</sup> And finding a ship sailing over to Phoenicia, we went aboard and set sail. <sup>3</sup> When we had sighted Cyprus, we passed it on the left, sailed to Syria, and landed at Tyre; for there the ship was to unload her cargo. <sup>4</sup> And finding disciples, we stayed there seven days. They told Paul through the Spirit not to go up to Jerusalem. <sup>5</sup> When we had come to the end of those days, we departed and went on our way; and they all accompanied us, with wives and children, till we were out of the city. And we knelt down on the shore and prayed. <sup>6</sup> When we had taken our leave of one another, we boarded the ship, and they returned home.

<sup>7</sup> And when we had finished *our* voyage from Tyre, we came to Ptolemais, greeted the brethren, and stayed with them one day. <sup>8</sup> On the next *day* we who were Paul's companions departed and came to Caesarea, and entered the house of Philip the evangelist, who was *one* of the seven, and stayed with him. <sup>9</sup> Now this man had four virgin daughters who prophesied. <sup>10</sup> And as we stayed many days, a certain prophet named Agabus came down from Judea. <sup>11</sup> When he had come to us, he took Paul's belt, bound his *own* hands and feet, and said, "Thus says the Holy Spirit, 'So shall the Jews at Jerusalem bind the man who owns this belt, and deliver *him* into the hands of the Gentiles."

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<sup>12</sup> Now when we heard these things, both we and those from that place pleaded with him not to go up to Jerusalem. <sup>13</sup> Then Paul answered, "What do you mean by weeping and breaking my heart? For I am ready not only to be bound, but also to die at Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus."

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